

Seminar für Sprachwissenschaft

WebLicht-Batch – A Web-Based Interface for Batch Processing Large Input with the WebLicht Workflow Engine

Claus Zinn and Ben Campbell

CLARIN 2022, Prague





Motivation

- WebLicht, a widely-used, web-based tool to create and execute tools chains for linguistic analysis
- Reigns over dynamic, distributed tool space, each tool with varying capabilities to process larger bits of data

| 2

- Ensure smooth, fair use, avoid time-outs
- Support required to allow use of WebLicht with "big" data
- > and also, support for users with multiple file input (batch processing)



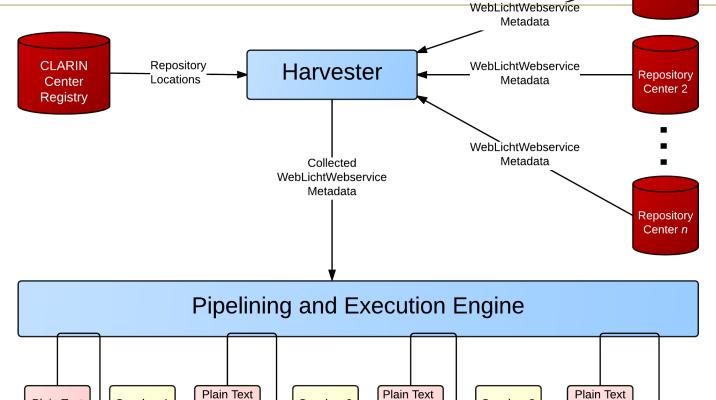
Plain Text

Service 1 →

Tokens

WebLicht SOA Architecture

Repository Center 1



Dynamic tool space

WebLicht GUI or WebLicht as a Service

Tokens

POS

Service 3

Tokens

POS Parsing

Service 2



TCF format (example)

```
<md:MetaData xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:cmd="http://www.clarin.eu/cmd/"
 2
      <TextCorpus xmlns="http://www.dspin.de/data/textcorpus" lang="en">
 3 🔻
        <tc:text xmlns:tc="http://www.dspin.de/data/textcorpus">YOU don't know about me without you have
 4 🔻
          read a book by the name of The Adventures of Tom Sawyer; but that ain't no matter.</tc:text>
 5
        <tc:tokens xmlns:tc="http://www.dspin.de/data/textcorpus">
 6 🗢
          <tc:token ID="t_0">YOU</tc:token>
 7
          <tc:token ID="t_1">do</tc:token>
          <tc:token ID="t_27">matter</tc:token>
10
          <tc:token ID="t 28">.</tc:token>
11
12
        </tc:tokens>
        <tc:sentences xmlns:tc="http://www.dspin.de/data/textcorpus">
13 🔻
          <tc:sentence tokenIDs="t_0 t_1 ... t_27 t_28"/>
14
        </tc:sentences>
15
        <tc:POStags xmlns:tc="http://www.dspin.de/data/textcorpus" tagset="penntb">
16 ▽
17
          <tc:tag tokenIDs="t_0">PRP</tc:tag>
          <tc:tag tokenIDs="t_1">VBP</tc:tag>
18
19
          <tc:tag tokenIDs="t_27">NN</tc:tag>
20
21
          <tc:tag tokenIDs="t_28">.</tc:tag>
        </tc:POStags>
22
```



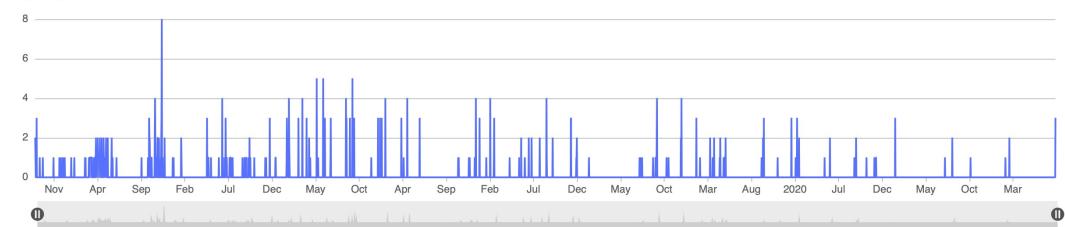
WebLicht History & Impact

- Since its inception, WebLicht has attracted a large user community in research & teaching
- Since 2014, WebLicht services have been invoked 2.5 million times in total,
 - with an average of 30.000 invocations per month
 - 72.000 unique addresses
- Usability and performance matter, dynamic & distributed tool space makes it hard(er)
 - not all tools cope well with large input

Commits to master

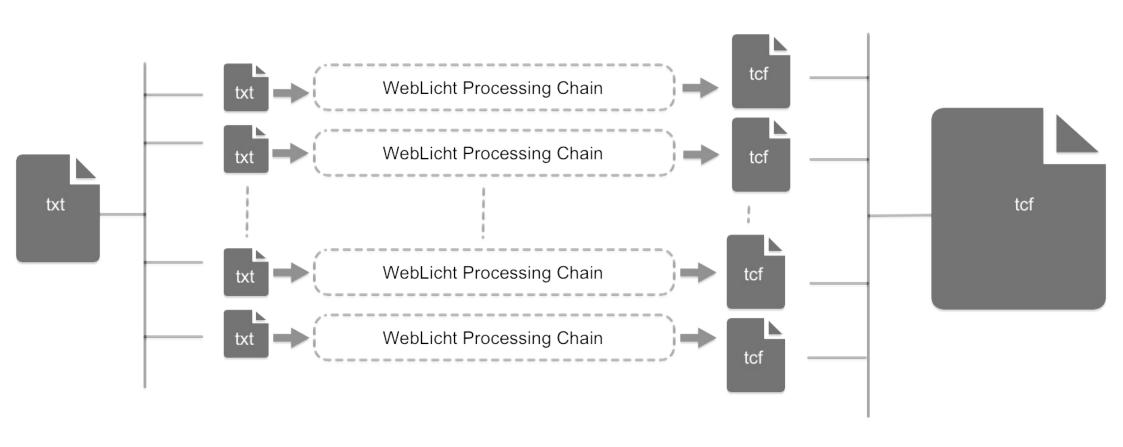
Number of commits

Excluding merge commits. Limited to 6,000 commits.





Underlying Idea: Divide and conquer





Technical Details (back-end)

- split input file into chunks of 100kb
- splitting at sentence boundaries creates chicken-and-egg problem
- use of UDPipe tokeniser and sentence splitter
 - send 100kb to UDPipe
 - assume that last sentence is incomplete sentence
 - add it to the beginning of next chunk
- for all chunks obtained, batch-process 4 of them "simultaneously":
 - if processing of a chunk failed, 2 other attempts are made
 - three failures in a row, batch fails
- if all batches succeed, resulting output TCFs are recombined into complex TCF
 - TCF of individual runs must be manipulated to ensure all token id etc. are correct.
- for a zip file of text files, this process is repeated for each file

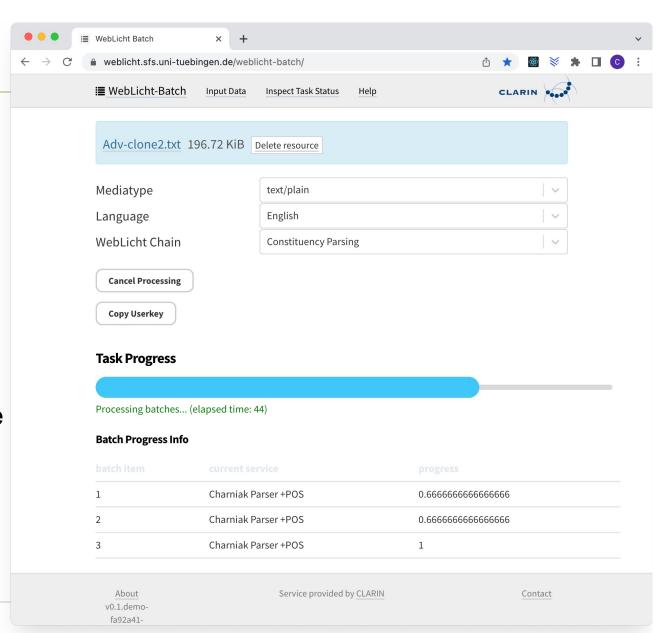
WebLicht-Batch – CLARIN 2022, Prague

| 7



- 1. Upload file
- 2. Select language
- 3. Select easy-chain
 - or upload your own chain

- 200kb file split into batch of three
- Processing information updated
- User key for copy-paste
 - to check progress later
 - even after closed browser





- Use of WaaS rather than WebLicht-GUI
 - for sets of small files, some users (or use cases) may prefer WaaS
 - for a large file, WaaS delegates file splitting at sentence boundaries and combination of individual TCF files into a compound TCF to its users
 - this is a non-trivial task
- WaaS does not help when a tool is crashing on larger input
- Divide and conquer seems like the only feasible approach
 - given the dynamic and distributed tool space
- EUDAT-Generic Execution Framework
 - move tools to the data rather than the data to the tools
 - configure GEF environment of tools with direct access to the data



- most services that are part of WebLicht's easy-chains are installed locally at institutional servers using Docker technology.
- use Docker to spawn new workers of a given service on the fly giving a rising demand from WebLicht-Batch users
- a large WebLicht-Batch process could block regular WebLicht GUI users from getting their (smallish) input processed in time.
- batch processing may want to postpone heavy processing to a point in time where Docker-based services are idle
- > scheduling option for users? Give users time slots where processing is faster
- often one bottleneck service per easychain
- give complex services more CPU time than simpler ones



WebLicht-Batch -- Demonstration

- https://weblicht.sfs.uni-tuebingen.de/weblicht-batch/
- Feedback welcome, email <u>claus.zinn@uni-tuebingen.de</u> for feedback

Questions?